



Year 7 - Geography: BQ1 - What skills does a good geographer have?

Think like a geographer:

Where is this place? What is it like? Why is it like this? How is it changing? Who is affected by the changes? How do I feel about it? Is it part of the natural or human world or both?

KEYWORDS

Cartography	The drawing of maps.
Continent	One of several large land masses of the world. (There are 7 main continents)
Ocean	a continuous body of salt water that is contained in an enormous basin on Earth's surface
Country	A region or area that makes up a continent.
Latitude	Latitude is the measurement of distance north or south of the Equator.
Longitude	Longitude is the measurement east or west of the prime meridian.
Tropics	The tropic of Cancer is 23.5°N. The tropic of Capricorn is 23.5°S
Equator	An imaginary line around the Earth that divides it into two equal halves, the Northern Hemisphere and the Southern Hemisphere
Prime Meridian	the imaginary line that divides Earth into two equal parts: the Eastern Hemisphere and the Western Hemisphere
4 Figure Grid References	A four-figure grid reference points you towards a particular square on a map. On OS maps these squares represent one square kilometre.
6 Figure Grid References	A six-figure grid reference points you towards a specific point within a square on a map.
Direction	the pathway along which an object is moving.

Types of Geography

Human geography is the study of societies, cultures and economies.

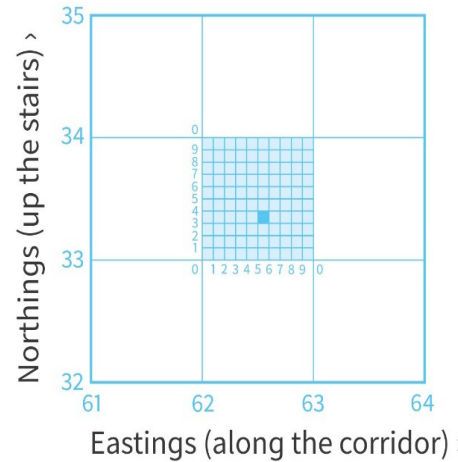


Physical geography is the study of landscapes and environments.

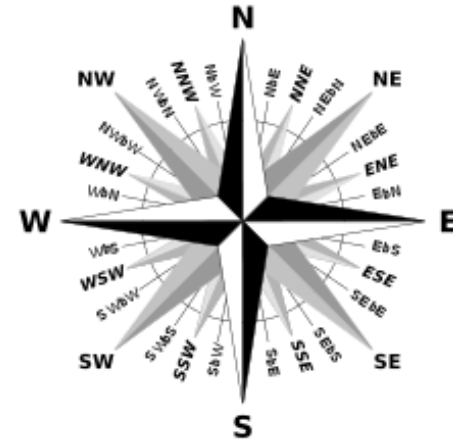


Environmental geography is the study of how humans impact the Earth.

4 and 6 Figure Grid References



Compass Directions



Common misconception

Africa is a country not a continent – This is not correct. Africa is the 2nd largest continent.

Grid references the wrong way round. Always follow along the corridor and up the stairs.

READ THIS

<https://getoutside.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/guides/beginners-guides-map-reading/>

PLAY THESE

<https://www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/mapzone/>

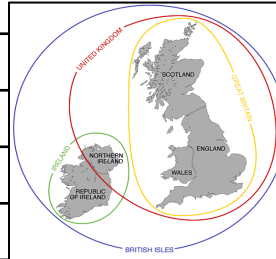




Year 7 - Geography: BQ2 - What is our island home like?

KEYWORDS

Population	The number of people who live in a place
Population Distribution	How spread-out people are across the Earth's surface
Population density	The number of people living in a given area (km ²)
Ethnicity	A group that shares a common and distinctive culture, religion, language
Sparsely populated	Places that have very few people living there
Densely populated	Places that have lots of people living there
Great Britain	Made up of England, Scotland and Wales
United Kingdom	Made up of England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland
British Isles	Made up of England, Scotland, Wales, Republic of Ireland and NI
Relief	Shape of the land
Migration	The movement of people
Relief	Shape of the land
Migration	The movement of people



Physical landscape of the UK



Common misconception



The difference between the UK, Great Britain and the British Isles – Great Britain is made up of England, Scotland and Wales
 The UK is made up of England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland
 The British Isles is made up of England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland and the Republic of Ireland

READ THIS

- Seneca learning -KS3 class course - Geography of the UK
- BBC Bitesize – The geography of the UK - <https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/subjects/zbkw2hv>